Taxonomical status and species composition of the little known genus *Agnoea* Walsingham, 1907 (Lepidoptera: Gelechioidea: Lypusidae)

Таксономический статус и видовой состав малоизвестного рода Agnoea Walsingham, 1907 (Lepidoptera: Gelechioidea: Lypusidae)

S.Yu. Sinev* & A.L. Lvovsky C.Ю. Синев, А.Л. Львовский

S.Yu. Sinev, Zoological Institute, Russian Academy of Sciences, 1 Universitetskaya Emb., St Petersburg 199034, Russia. E-mail: sergey.sinev@zin.ru. *Corresponding author.

A.L. Lvovsky, Zoological Institute, Russian Academy of Sciences, 1 Universitetskaya Emb., St Petersburg 199034, Russia. E-mail: alexander.lvovsky@zin.ru

The previously monotypic genus Agnoea Walsingham, 1907 is shortly reviewed. The following synonymy is established: Agnoea Walsingham, 1907 = Pseudatemelia Rebel, 1910, syn. nov. = Tubulifera Spuler, 1910, syn. nov. = Tubuliferola Strand, 1917, syn. nov. = Tubuliferodes Toll, 1956, syn. nov. (as a subgenus); Agnoea aeneella (Rebel, 1910) = Borkhausenia chalcocrates Meyrick, 1930, syn. nov. The genus Agnoea is restricted to the Palearctic region and includes the following nineteen species: Agnoea aeneella (Rebel, 1910), comb. nov.; A. amparoella (Vives, 1986), comb. nov.; A. colurnella (Mann, 1867), comb. nov.; A. detrimentella (Staudinger, 1859), comb. nov.; A. elsae (Svensson, 1982), comb. nov.; A. filiella (Staudinger, 1859). comb. nov.; A. flavifrontella ([Denis et Schiffermüller], 1775), comb. nov.; A. fuscifrontella (Constant, 1885), comb. nov.; A. josephinae (Toll, 1956), comb. nov.; A. kurentzovi (Lyovsky, 2001), comb. nov.; A. langohri (E. Palm, 1990), comb. nov.; A. latipennella (Jäckh, 1959), comb. nov.; A. lavandulae (Mann, 1855), comb. nov.; A. pallidella (Jäckh, 1972), comb. nov.; A. semifuscata (Walsingham, 1911), comb. nov.; A. subgilvida (Walsingham, 1901), comb. nov.; A. subochreella (Doubleday, 1859), comb. nov.; A. synchrozella (Jäckh, 1959), comb. nov.; A. xanthosoma (Rebel, 1900), comb. nov. Lectotype is designated for Borkhausenia chalcocrates Mevrick, 1930. The annotated list of species of Agnoea (including information on type material and distribution, as well as nomenclatural comments) is given.

Определены таксономический статус и видовой состав рода Agnoea Walsingham, 1907, ранее считавшегося монотипическим. Установлена следующая синонимия: Agnoea Walsingham, 1907 = Pseudatemelia Rebel, 1910, syn. nov. = Tubulifera Spuler, 1910, syn. nov. = Tubuliferola Strand, 1917, syn. nov. = Tubuliferodes Toll, 1956, syn. nov. (как подрод); Agnoea aeneella (Rebel, 1910) =Borkhausenia chalcocrates Meyrick, 1930, syn. nov. Род Agnoea насчитывает девятнадцать исключительно палеарктических видов: Agnoea aeneella (Rebel, 1910), comb. nov.; A. amparoella (Vives, 1986), comb. nov.; A. colurnella (Mann, 1867), comb. nov.; A. detrimentella (Staudinger, 1859), comb. nov.; A. elsae (Svensson, 1982), comb. nov.; A. filiella (Staudinger, 1859), comb. nov.; A. flavifrontella ([Denis et Schiffermüller], 1775), comb. nov.; A. fuscifrontella (Constant, 1885), comb. nov.; A. josephinae (Toll, 1956), comb. nov.; A. kurentzovi (Lyovsky, 2001), comb. nov.; A. langohri (E. Palm, 1990), comb. nov.; A. latipennella (Jäckh, 1959), comb. nov.; A. lavandulae (Mann, 1855), comb. nov.; A. pallidella (Jäckh, 1972), comb. nov.; A. semifuscata (Walsingham, 1911), comb. nov.; A. subgilvida (Walsingham, 1901), comb. nov.; A. subochreella (Doubleday, 1859), comb. nov.; A. synchrozella (Jäckh, 1959), comb. nov.; A. xanthosoma (Rebel, 1900), comb. nov. Обозначен лектотип для Borkhausenia chalcocrates Meyrick, 1930. Приведен аннотированный список видов Адпоеа (включая информацию о типовом материале и распространении, а также замечания по номенклатуре).

Key words: gelechioid moths, taxonomy, Palaearctic region, Lepidoptera, Gelechioidea, Lypusidae, *Agnoea*, new synonyms, lectotype designation

Ключевые слова: гелехиоидные моли, таксономия, палеарктика, Lepidoptera, Gelechioidea, Lypusidae, *Agnoea*, новые синонимы, обозначение лектотипа

The genus *Agnoea* Walsingham, 1907 (type species *Blastobasis evanescens* Walsingham, 1901) was described in the family Blastobasidae (Walsingham, 1907) and then transferred to Oecophoridae (Walsingham and Durrant, 1909; Fletcher, 1929). Later on, this generic name was overlooked, even in "The Generic Names of Moths of the World" (Nye & Fletcher, 1991). As the result, the genus was not listed in "The Lepidoptera of Europe" checklist, in which its type species was retained in the genus *Blastobasis* Zeller, 1855 (Riedl, 1996). Recently the genus *Agnoea* was again excluded from Blastobasidae and transferred to Lypusidae (Siney, 2014).

The type specimen of the above-mentioned type species was studied by J. Nel (2012), who synonymized this species to Pseudatemelia fuscifrontella (Constant, 1885), which was described from nearly the same locality at Corsica as B. evanescens. Based on several synapomorphies, such as conical uncus and jug-shaped aedeagus, we consider Pseudatemelia fuscifrontella as congeneric with Pseudatemelia aeneella Rebel, 1910, type species of the genus *Pseudateme*lia Rebel, 1910. Thus, the latter generic name proves to be a junior subjective synonym of Agnoea Walsingham, 1907.

Following the Principle of Priority (ICZN, 1999: Art. 23), all species previously placed in *Pseudatemelia* are considered in a new combination with *Agnoea*. We do not see the reason to apply to ICZN for conservation of the generic name *Pseudatemelia*, because this name was commonly uses since 1972 only, and all species of this genus are poorly known, have no economic importance, and were so far mentioned mostly in the faunistic publications and catalogues.

The exclusively Palaearctic genus Agnoea has been partly revised (as *Tubuliferola* or *Pseudatemelia*) in the past (Toll,

1956; Jäckh, 1959; Jaeckh, 1972), mainly on the basis of the European material. Since then, several new species were described (Svensson, 1982; Vives, [1986]; Palm, 1990; Lvovsky, 2001), and now the genus includes 19 species, 17 of which occur in Europe (Lvovsky, 1996, 2013), and 5, in Russia (Lvovsky, 2006). Below we list all species of *Agnoea*, providing their synonymy, distribution data and the information about the type material.

Genus *Agnoea* Walsingham, 1907, Proc. U.S. natn. Mus., 33: 200.

- Pseudatemelia Rebel, 1910, Verh. zool.-bot. Ges. Wien, 60: (29). Type-species Pseudate-melia aeneella Rebel, 1910, by monotypy.
 Syn. nov.
- = Tubulifera Spuler, 1910, Schmett. Eur., 2: 345. Type-species Tinea flavifrontella [Denis et Schiffermüller], 1775, by monotypy. A junior homonym of Tubulifera Zopf, 1885 (Protozoa); in Schenk, Handb. Botanik, 3(2): 173. Syn. nov.
- = Tubuliferola Strand, 1917, Int. entomol. Z., 10: 137. Type-species Tinea flavifrontella [Denis et Schiffermüller], 1775, by monotypy. An objective replacement name for Tubulifera Spuler, 1910. Syn. nov.
- Tubuliferodes Toll, 1956, Annls zool., Warsz.,
 16: 185. Type-species Tubuliferola josephinae
 Toll, 1956, by monotypy. As a subgenus of Tubuliferola Strand, 1917. Syn. nov.

Type-species [*Blastobasis*] *evanescens* Walsingham, 1901, by original designation.

Agnoea (Agnoea) aeneella (Rebel, 1910), comb. nov.

Pseudatemelia aeneella Rebel, in Rebel et Schawerda, Verh. zool.-bot. Ges. Wien, 60: (29) (1910).

Borkhausenia chalcocrates Meyrick, Exot. Microlepid., 3 (18): 574 (1930). Syn. nov.

Type locality. Croatia ("[Istria], Monte Maggiore"). Types in the Naturhistorisches Museum, Wien (Austria).

Material examined. Lectotype (male, right pair of wings absent) of Borkhausenia chalcocrates Meyr., designated here, with labels: "Borkhausenia chalcocrates Meyr."; "Meyrick det."; "Velebit. Ostaria, 12.6.1910, M. Hilf, Coll. O. Leonhard"; "Syntypus"; "Lectotype, Gen. prep. № 2, design. Lvovsky". Paralectotype (male, without abdomen) of Borkhausenia chalcocrates Meyr., with the same original labels except of date (14.6.1910). Types are deposited in the Senckenberg Deutsches Entomologisches Institut, Müncheberg (Germany).

Distribution. Bosnia and Herzegovina, Croatia.

Remarks. The species is similar to Agnoea columella (Mann, 1867), from which differs by smaller size, darker coloration of the wings, and large setose process at the base of valva (Fig. 1).

Agnoea (Agnoea) amparoella (Vives, 1986), comb. nov.

Pseudatemelia amparoella Vives, SHILAP Revta. Lepid., 1985, 13: 254–255 (1986).

Type locality. Spain ("provincia de Pontevedra, Moscoso"). Types in the Museo Nacional de Ciencias Naturales, Madrid (Spain).

Distribution. Spain, Portugal.

Agnoea (Agnoea) colurnella (Mann, 1867), comb. nov.

Oecophora colurnella Mann, Verh. zool.-bot. Ges. Wien, 17: 843 (1867).

Oecophora pulverosella Heinemann, Schmett. Deutschl. u. Schweiz, 2: 377 (1870).

Pseudatemelia colurnella: Jaeckh, Entomologica, 8: 139 (1972).

Type locality. Italy ("bei Bozen"). Types in the Museo di Storia Naturale, Trento (Italy).

Distribution. Southern France, Italy, Switzerland.

Remarks. Oecophora pulverosella Heinemann was tentatively synonymized with Oecophora colurnella Mann by Jäckh (1959). The type material by Heinemann was not found yet and presumed to be lost; however,

both a comparison between the original descriptions and proximity of their type localities ("Kalditsch" in Southern Tyrol for *Oe. pulverosella*) supports this synonymy.

Agnoea (Agnoea) detrimentella (Staudinger, 1859), comb. nov.

Oecophora detrimentella Staudinger, Stett. entomol. Ztg., 20: 247 (1859).

Pseudatemelia detrimentella: Vives, SHILAP Revta. Lepid., 13 (1985): 260 ([1986]).

Type locality. Spain (Granada).

Material examined. Holotype (male, abdomen missing) with labels: "detrimentella Stgr."; "Origin."; "Granada m."; "Holotypus, Pseudatemelia detrimentella (Staudinger, 1859), teste Lvovsky"; "Zool. Mus. Berlin". Type in the Museum für Naturkunde der Humboldt-Universität zu Berlin (Germany).

Distribution. Spain, Portugal.

Remarks. This species externally resembles *A. filiella*, but differs by larger size, the brownish-grey coloration of the head and almost straight ventral margin of valva near its apex (Fig. 2).

Agnoea (Agnoea) filiella

(Staudinger, 1859), comb. nov.

Oecophora filiella Staudinger, Stett. entomol. Ztg., 20: 247 (1859).

Borkhausenia blidella Chrétien, Annls Soc. ent. Fr., 84: 344 (1915).

Pseudatemelia filiella: Jaeckh, Entomologica, 8: 139 (1972).

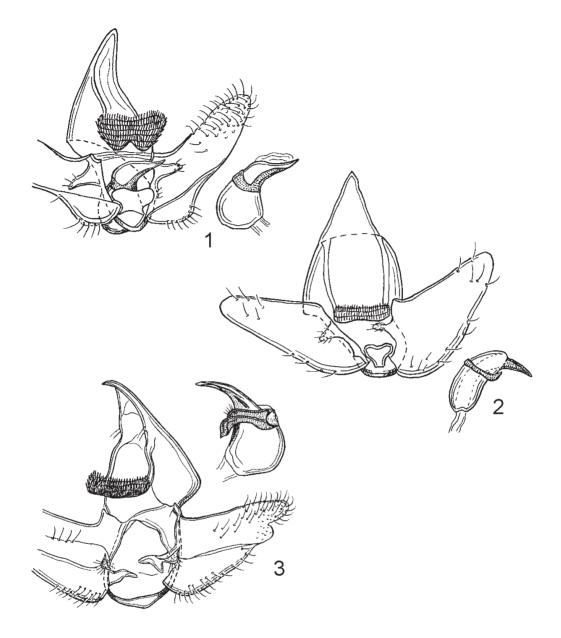
Type locality. Spain (Granada).

Material examined. Lectotype (male) with labels: "filiella Stgr."; "Origin."; "Granada m."; "16/6"; "Granada, 16/6, filiella Stgr., E. Jäckh, 1958 "; "Lectotypus Tubuliferola filiella (Stgr.), E. Jäckh"; "Zool. Mus. Berlin". Paralectotype (male, without abdomen) with the same labels.

Types in the Museum für Naturkunde der Humboldt-Universität zu Berlin (Germany).

Distribution. Spain, southern France.

Remarks. Agnoea filiella is similar to A. semifuscata (Walsingham), from which differs by the yellow vertex and by uniformly colored forewings. In addition, A. filiella



Figs 1–3. Agnoea, male genitalia: 1, A. chalcocrates, lectotype, Velebit; 2, A. detrimentella, Albarracin; 3, A. filiella, lectotype, Granada.

has ventral projection at the apex of valva shorter than dorsal one (Fig. 3), whereas in *A. semifuscata* both projections are of equal length (Jäckh, 1959). *Borkhausenia blidella* Chrétien described from Blida (Algeria) was synonymized with this species by Leraut (1989).

Agnoea (Agnoea) flavifrontella ([Denis et Schiffermüller], 1775), comb. nov.

Tinea flavifrontella [Denis et Schiffermüller], Ankund. Syst. Werkes Schmett. Wienergegend: 143 (1775).

Pseudatemelia flavifrontella: Jaeckh, Entomologica, 8: 139 (1972).

 $\it Type\ locality.$ Austria ("Wienergegend"). Types lost.

Distribution. Norway, Denmark, Sweden, Finland, Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania, Poland, Ukraine, Russia (European part), Czechia, Slovakia, Germany, The Netherlands, Great Britain, Belgium, France, Italy, Switzerland, Austria, Hungary, former Yugoslavia, Romania, Bulgaria, Albania, Turkey, Iran.

Agnoea (Agnoea) fuscifrontella (Constant, 1885), comb. nov.

Oecophora fuscifrontella Constant, Annls Soc. ent. Fr. (6e ser.), 4: 262, t. 10, f. 24 (1885).

Blastobasis(?) evanescens Walsingham, Entomol. month. Mag., 37: 182 (1901).

Agnoea evanescens: Walsingham, Proc. U.S. natn. Mus., 33: 200 (1907).

Pseudatemelia fuscifrontella: Jaeckh, Entomologica, 8: 139 (1972).

Type locality. France: Corsica (Corte). Type in the Museum national d'Histoire naturelle, Paris (France).

Material examined. Holotype (female) of Blastobasis(?) evanescens Walsingham with labels: "Type H.T."; "Vizzavona, Corsica, 12.vi.1899 Wlsm. 84150"; Walsingham Collection 1910-427"; "Blastobasis(?) ♀ evanescens, Wlsm. Ent. Mo. Mag. XXXVII.182 (1901)"; "AGNOEA Wlsm. (type evanescens Wlsm.) Wlsm. Pr. US Nat. Mus. 33. 200 (1907), Ent. Mo. Mag. 45, 965 (1909) / Type ♀ descry. 84150". Type in the Natural History Museum, London (UK).

Distribution. France (Corsica), Italy (Sardinia).

Agnoea (Agnoea) kurentzovi (Lvovsky, 2001), comb. nov.

Pseudatemelia kurentzovi Lvovsky, Zool. Zhurn., 80 (12): 1465–1466 (2001).

Type locality. Russia (Primorsky Territory, middle stream of Bol'shaya Ussurka River). Types in the Zoological Institute of the Russian Academy of Sciences, St Petersburg (Russia).

Distribution. Russia (Primorsky Territory, Amurskaya Oblast').

Agnoea (Agnoea) latipennella (Jäckh, 1959), comb. nov.

Tubuliferola latipennella Jäckh, Dt. ent. Ztschr. Berlin (N.F.), 6: 182 (1959).

Pseudatemelia latipennella: Jaeckh, Entomologica, 8: 139 (1972).

Type locality. Germany ("Kyffhäuser Gebirge, Kattenburg"). Types in the Zoologische Staatssammlung, Munich (Germany).

Distribution. Denmark, Czechia, Slovakia, Germany, The Netherlands, Belgium, Luxemburg, France, Austria.

Agnoea (Agnoea) lavandulae (Mann, 1855), comb. nov.

Oecophora lavandulae Mann, Verh. zool.-bot. Ver. Wien, 5: 562 (1855).

Oecophora ardosiella Constant, Bull. Soc. ent. Fr. (6e serie), 9: cxxv (1889); Annls Soc. ent. Fr. (6 serie), 10: 10 (1890).

Borkhausenia pulverisquamis Walsingham, Entomologist's monthl. Mag., 34: 133 (1898).

Pseudatemelia lavandulae: Jaeckh, Entomologica 8: 139 (1972).

Type locality. France (Corsica). Types in the Naturhistorisches Museum, Wien (Austria).

Distribution. France (Corsica), Italy (Sardinia).

Remarks. Oecophora ardosiella Constant and Borkhausenia pulverisquamis Walsingham, both described from Corsica, were synonymized with Oecophora lavandulae Mann by Walsingham (1901).

Agnoea (Agnoea) pallidella (Jaeckh, 1972), comb. nov.

Pseudatemelia pallidella Jaeckh, Entomologica, 8: 136 (1972).

Type locality. Italy ("Basilicata, Prov. Potenza, Mte Vulture, Umgebung von Monticchio"). Types in the Entomologischen Institut in Bozen (Italy).

Distribution. Italy.

Agnoea (Agnoea) semifuscata (Walsingham, 1911), comb. nov.

Borkhausenia semifuscata Walsingham, Entomologist's monthl. Mag., 47: 189 (1911).

Pseudatemelia semifuscata: Jaeckh, Entomologica, 8: 140 (1972).

Type locality. Algeria ("Algerien, Philippeville"). Types in the Natural History Museum, London (UK).

Distribution. Algeria.

Agnoea (Agnoea) subgilvida (Walsingham, 1901), comb. nov.

Borkhausenia subgilvida Walsingham, Entomologist's monthl. Mag., 37: 41 (1901).

Borkhausenia gypsozyga Meyrick, Exot. Microlepid., 4: 118 (1931).

Pseudatemelia subgilvida: Jaeckh, Entomologica, 8: 140 (1972).

Type locality. France (Corsica, Corté). Types in the Natural History Museum, London (UK). *Distribution*. France (Corsica).

Remarks. Oecophora gypsozyga Meyrick, described from nearly the same locality (Corsica: Bocognano) as *Tubuliferola* subgilvida Walsingham, was synonymized with the latter species by Leraut (1989).

Agnoea (Agnoea) subochreella (Doubleday, 1859), comb. nov.

Oecophora subochreella Doubleday, Syn. List Brit. Butterflies & Moths: 31 (1859).

Pseudatemelia subochrella: Karsholt & Nielsen, Cat. Lepid. Denmark: 30 (1976).

Batia panzerella auct., nec Fabricius, 1794.

Type locality. Great Britain. Types in the Natural History Museum, London (UK).

Distribution. Denmark, Sweden, Czechia, Slovakia, Germany, The Netherlands, Great Britain, Belgium, France, Spain, Italy, Switzerland, Austria, Hungary, Romania, Albania, Russia (northern Caucasus), Georgia, Azerbaijan, Morocco, Turkey.

Agnoea (Agnoea) synchrozella (Jäckh, 1959), comb. nov.

Tubuliferola synchrozella Jäckh, Dt. ent. Ztschr. Berlin (N.F.), 6: 180 (1959).

Pseudatemelia synchrozella: Jaeckh, Entomologica, 8: 140 (1972).

Type locality. Germany ("Mittenwald, Brunstein"). Types in the Zoologische Staatssammlung, Munich (Germany).

Distribution. Slovakia, Germany, France, Italy, Switzerland, Austria, Croatia, Slovenia, Romania.

Agnoea (Agnoea) xanthosoma (Rebel, 1900), comb. nov.

Borkhausenia xanthosoma Rebel, Dt. ent. Ztschr. "Iris", 13: 174 (1900).

Pseudatemelia xanthosoma: Jaeckh, Entomologica, 8: 140 (1972).

Type locality. Spain ("St. Ildefonso, Castilien"). Types in the Naturhistorisches Museum, Wien (Austria).

Distribution. Spain, Portugal.

Agnoea (Tubuliferodes) elsae (Svensson, 1982), comb. nov.

Pseudatemelia elsae Svensson, Ent. scand., 13: 295, fig. 2 A–C (1982).

Type locality. Sweden (Gotland, Hejdeby). Types in the Museum of Zoology, Lund University (Sweden).

Distribution. Norway, Sweden, Finland, Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania, Poland, Czechia, Slovakia, Austria, northern Italy, Hungary, Russia (Karelia, southern Ural).

Agnoea (Tubuliferodes) josephinae (Toll, 1956), comb. nov.

Tubuliferola josephinae Toll, Annls zool., Warsz., 16: 185 (1956).

Borkhausenia flavifrontella auct., nec [Denis et Schiffermüller], 1775.

Pseudatemelia josephinae: Jaeckh, Entomologica, 8: 139 (1972).

Type locality. Poland ("Kreis Cieszyn, Ustroń, Berg Równica"). Types in the Institute of Systematics and Evolution of Animals, Krakow (Poland).

Distribution. Norway, Denmark, Sweden, Finland, Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania, Poland, Czechia, Slovakia, Germany, The Netherlands, Great Britain, Belgium, Luxemburg, France, Italy, Switzerland, Aus-

tria, Hungary, former Yugoslavia, Romania, Russia (European part, southern Siberia, Primorsky Territory, Kuril Islands), Japan (Hokkaido).

Agnoea (Tubuliferodes) langohri (E. Palm, 1990), comb. nov.

Pseudatemelia langohri E. Palm, Nouv. revue Ent., 7 (4): 401 (1990).

Type locality. France ("Var, Massif de l'Esterel"). Holotype in the collection of G.R. Langohr in Simpelveld (The Netherlands).

Distribution. Southern France.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We are grateful to Dr. R. Gaedike and Mr. Ch. Kutzscher (Deutsches Entomologisches Institut, Eberswalde/Müncheberg) and Dr. W. Mey (Museum für Naturkunde der Humboldt-Universität zu Berlin) for the opportunity to examine the type material of some species. We thank Dr. A. Vives Moreno (SHILAP General Secretary, Madrid) for the drawing of male genitalia of Agnoea detrimentella and Dr. M. Kozlov (University of Turku) for the valuable comments on the manuscript. The study was financially supported by the Russian Foundation for Basic Research (grant no. 14-04-00770) and by the Presidium of the Russian Academy of Sciences (subprogram "Biodiversity: state and dynamics").

REFERENCES

- Chrétien P. 1915. Contribution à la connaissance des Lépidoptères du Nord de l'Afrique. Annales de la Société entomologique de France, 84: 289–374.
- Constant M.A. 1885. Notes sur quelques Lépidoptères nouveaux (2e partie). Annales de la Société entomologique de France (6e serie), 4(1884): 251–262.
- Constant M.A. 1889. [im Sitzungsbericht vom 26. Juni 1889]. *Bulletin de la Société entomologique de France* (6e serie), 9: cxxiv–cxxvi.
- Constant M.A. 1890. Descriptions de Microlépidoptères nouveaux ou peu connus. *Annales de la Société entomologique de France* (6e serie). 10: 5–16.
- [Denis I. & Schiffermüller I.] 1775. Ankündung eines systematischen Werkes von den

- Schmetterlingen der Wienergegend. Wien. 323 p., 3 pls.
- **Doubleday H.** 1859. The Zoologist's Synonymic List of British Butterflies and Moths. London. 40 p.
- Fletcher T.B. 1929. A list of the generic names used for Microlepidoptera. *Memoirs of the Department of Agriculture in India* (Ent. Ser.), 11: i-ix + 1-244.
- Heinemann H. von. 1870. Die Schmetterlinge Deutschlands und der Schweiz. 2 Abth. Kleinschmetterlinge. Bd. 2. Die Motten und Federmotten. Hf. 1. Braunschweig. 391 S.
- ICZN. 1999. International Code of Zoological Nomenclature. 4th edn. London. xxx + 306 p.
- Jäckh E. 1959. Beitrag zur Kenntnis der Oecophoridae, die Gattung Tubuliferola Strand, 1917 (Lep.). Deutsche Entomologische Zeitschrift. N. F., 6: 174–184. Taf. 1–9.
- Jaeckh E. 1972. Die Gattung Pseudatemelia Rebel, 1910 (Lepidoptera, Oecophoridae). Entomologica, 8: 133–140.
- **Karsholt O., Nielsen E.S.** 1976. *Catalogue of the Lepidoptera of Denmark*. Scandinavian Science Press, Klampenborg. 128 p.
- Leraut P. 1989. Contribution à l'étude des Oecophoridae (s. l.). I. Révision de quelques types d'espèces traditionnellement associées aux genres *Borkhausenia* Hübner et *Schiffermuelleria* Hübner, et description d'une espèce et de deux genres nouveaux (Lep. Gelechioidea). *Alexanor*, **16**(2): 95–113.
- Lvovsky A.L. 1996. Amphisbatidae, pp. 100–101. *In*: Karsholt O. & Razowski J. (eds). *The Lepidoptera of Europe*. Stenstrup: Apollo Books. 380 p.
- Lvovsky A.L. 2001. New and little known species of flat and broad-winged moths (Lepidoptera, Depressariidae, Oecophoridae) in the fauna of Russia and adjacent countries. *Zoologicheskiy Zhurnal*, **80**(12): 1465–1466. (In Russian).
- Lvovsky A.L. 2006. Check-list of the broadwinged and flat moths (Lepidoptera: Oecophoridae, Chimabachidae, Amphisbatidae, Depressariidae) of the fauna of Russia and adjacent countries. *Trudy Zoologicheskogo Instituta Rossiyskoy Academii Nauk*, **307**: 1–118. (In Russian).
- Lvovsky A.L. 2013. Lypusidae. *In: Fauna Europaea. Version 2.6.2.* Last update 29 August 2013. Available from: http://www.faunaeur/org.

- Mann J. 1855. Die Lepidopteren, gesammelt auf einer entomologischen Reise in Corsica im Jahre 1855. Verhandlungen des zoologischbotanischen Vereins in Wien, 5: 529–572.
- Mann J. 1867. Schmetterlinge, gesammelt im Jahre 1867 in der Umgebung von Bozen und Trient in Tyrol. Verhandlungen des zoologisch-botanischen Gesellschaft in Wien, 17: 829–844.
- **Meyrick E.** 1930. *Exotic Microlepidoptera*. Vol. 3, pt. 18: 545–576. Marlborough.
- Meyrick E. 1931. *Exotic Microlepidoptera*. Vol. 4, pt. 4: 97–128. Marlborough.
- Nel J. 2012. Blastobasis evanescens Walsingham, 1901, synonyme junior de Pseudatemelia fuscifrontella (Constant, 1885) (Lep. Lypusidae). Oreina, 20: 20–21.
- Palm E. 1990. A new species of *Pseudatemelia* from South France (Lepidoptera, Oecophoridae). *Nouvelle Revue d'Entomologie*, 7(4): 401–403.
- **Rebel H.** 1900. Neue palaearctische Tineen. Deutsche entomologische Zeitschrift "Iris", **13**: 161–188.
- Rebel H., Schawerda K. 1910. Beschreibung von sechs neuen Mikrolepidopteren aus Bosnien und der Herzegowina. Verhandlungen des zoologisch-botanischen Gesellschaft in Wien, 60: (28)–(34).
- Riedl T. 1996. Blastobasidae, p. 96. In: Karsholt O. & Razowski J. (eds). The Lepidoptera of Europe. Stenstrup: Apollo Books. 380 p.
- Sinev S.Yu. 2014. World catalogue of blastobasid moths (Lepidoptera, Blastobasidae). St Petersburg: ZIN RAS. 108 p.
- **Spuler A.** 1910. *Die Schmetterlinge Europas*. Bd. 2. Stuttgart. 523 S.
- **Staudinger O.** 1859. Diagnosen nebst kurzen Beschreibungen neuer andalusischer Lepi-

- dopteren. Entomologische Zeitung von dem entomologischen Vereine zu Stettin, **20**(7–9): 211–259.
- Strand E. 1917. Neue Gattungsnamen in der Hymenopterologie und Lepidopterologie. Internationale Entomologische Zeitschrift, 10(24): 137.
- **Svensson I.** 1982. Four new species of Microlepidoptera from northern Europe. *Entomologica scandinavica*, **13**: 293–300.
- **Toll S.** 1956. Versuch einer natürlichen Gruppierung der europäischen Oecophoridae auf Grund des Baues der Genitalapparate, samt Beschreibung von zwei neuen Arten. *Annales zoologici*, Warszawa, **16**: 171–193, tab. XXI–XXVIII.
- Vives Moreno A. 1986. Lista sistemática y sinonímica de la familia Oecophoridae Bruand, [1851], de España y Portugal, con la descripción de nuevos géneros y especies. SHILAP revista de lepidopterologia, 1985, 13: 251–270.
- Walsingham Lord (De Grey Th.). 1898. New corsican Micro-Lepidoptera. *The Entomologist's monthly Magazine*, **34**: 131–134.
- Walsingham Lord (De Grey Th.). 1901. New corsican and french Micro-Lepidoptera. *The Entomologist's monthly Magazine*, **37**: 177–184.
- Walsingham Lord (De Grey Th.). 1907. Descriptions of new North American tineid moths, with a generic table of the family Blastobasidae. *Proceedings of the United States national Museum*, **33**(1567): 197–228.
- Walsingham Lord (De Grey Th.). 1911. Algerian Microlepidoptera. *The Entomologist's monthly Magazine*, 47: 187–191.

Received April 3, 2014 / Accepted May 22, 2014